1. In what 1833 document, the Omani Empire and the United States agreed to friendly commercial trade and privileges, signaling a new era in international relations?

2. What Queen kept a diary documenting her daily affairs, including the gifts given to her by foreign ministers and the sale of Suez Canal shares to the British Empire in the 1870s?

3. What act was written by the British in 1807, even though it did not come into effect until 1833, and only due to the moral outrage led mostly by the Quakers and Evangelical Christians?

4. The monk Fra Mauro’s map to King Alfonso V of Portugal was greatly influenced by what ancient Egyptian ruler and medieval Muslim traveler?

5. Although maps varied in accuracy throughout the First Global Era, what cartographer’s map shows great accuracy around the Indian Ocean and even includes the equator, tropical islands and a navigational compass?

6. The Treaty of Tordesillas, signed by what two nations, divided most of the “New World” between these two nations by establishing an imaginary line across the Atlantic Ocean?

7. A medieval, Arab recipe book, found in what part of Islamic Spain, exemplifies the spread of Muslims into Spain and Sicily?

8. The history written by what Greek historian in the 5th century BCE reflects a mythical view of India as a land of fantastic creatures and enormous amounts of gold?

9. Although trade through China in the Classical Era predominately occurred along the Silk Road, documents such as the “Chhien Han Shu” demonstrate that the country did what other kind of trade?

10. Strabo wrote a seventeen volume encyclopedia, which provides an in-depth look at the culture and trades of many nations by describing the nation’s physical characteristics and natural production. What is the name of this encyclopedia?

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1 sultan of muscat-usa friendship treaty
2 queen Victoria
3 act to end the slave trade
4 Ptolemy and al Idrisi
5 F. Valentijn
6 Spain and Portugal
7 al Andalus
8 Herodotus
9 maritime
10 “Geographica”